ENGINELIZING

Regional Supervisor, Branch of Refuges

February 23, 1960

Regional Engineer

ER

Tewaukon Refuge, North Dakota -- 1960 Water Program

We are returning herewith copy of the subject program dated December 12. 1959. which we reviewed.

We concur in the plan to held pools at spillway crest level. We hope that the drought is broken and that snow melt will be sufficient to fill the pools.

John D. Umberger

Attachment

1 cc : Br. of Refuges

ELDoeling/rlm

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for

Regional Director, Minnerpolis, Minnesota

December 12, 1959

Refuge Manager, Tewaukon Refuge, Vayuga, N. Dak.

Ammal Water Program - 1960

The Water Management Plan for Tewaukon Refuge has as yet not been completed. I hesitate to complete this plan until 4 have a better understanding of hts water situation here. I believe that by next fall, after observing this resource through one complete year, I will be more qualified to complete the plan. In view of the above the following Annual Water Program is submitted.

At the present time Lake Tewaukon is about three feet below spillway elevation. This shows a drop of about two feet during the summer months. Aquatic ve etation was again scarce, although a few small beds were noted in late summer. Waterfowl use was limited mostly to resting purposes.

Cutler harsh is about three and one-half feet below spillway elevation. A winter kill of all fish should take place as the maximum depth is only two and one-half to three feet. Submerged aquatics are virtually absent from this procl. A dense emergent growth is present in the northwest portion. Yeterfowl use of this area was greatly reduced because on the absence of a food supply.

White Lake is about two feet below spillway. Aquatic vegetation is nearly non existant in this pool also and consequently water-fowl use was restricted to resting purposes.

Clouds take is about four feet below spillway elevation. Submerged aquatic vegetation growth was excellent this year. During fall migration very heavy use of this area occurred for both feeding and resting.

Water Management planned for 1960 is as follows: Maintain all peols at spillway elevation during the summer months. This elevation, if obtained, will help control the dense emergent growth in Cutler Marsh. If at the end of summer, further control of this vegetation is deemed necessary, the level of Cutler Farsh should be dropped two and one-half feet before fall freeze up. This will allow for mechanical control of the elegents.

The installation of mechanical fish barriers between Cutler Earsh and Lake Tewaukon and between Cutler Earsh and White Lake is planned. If the expected fish winter kill in Cutler Fersh occurs these barriers should insure a carp free water area in 1960.

James B. Monnie